

Scholarly Vs. Popular Periodicals

How can you tell the difference between scholarly and popular periodicals?	25 HOT SCHOOLS Newsweek TERROR NOW	HR ON THE LINE	A North Murder CRUDE AWARENNE	Pl 31.3 Water 2003 Voursal of Religious Ethics
PERIODICALS	Popular magazines	Trade and industry journals	Journals of opinion	Scholarly & research journals
AUTHOR	Usually a staff writer or journalist. Sometimes the author's name is not provided.	Writers with subject knowledge or practitioners and professionals.	Great variety: specialists, journalists, organizational members, others.	Primarily experts, often university researchers, whose credentials are usually included.
AUDIENCE	Written for the "average" person who doesn't have in-depth knowledge of a topic.	Multiple levels of readers: general public to practitioners and professionals.	General audience, high school and up.	Aimed at professionals, researchers, scholars, or others with more indepth knowledge of the topic.
CONTENT	Entertainment, opinion, current topics, quick facts.	Trends, forecasts, news and events in the field; products, book reviews, employment, biography.	Commentary on social and political issues, specific viewpoints, book reviews.	Research, analysis, scholarship. Often includes abstract, research methods, conclusion, bibliography.
LENGTH	Shorter articles providing broad overviews of topics.	Short newsy items to longer, in-depth articles.	Varies: short, articles to more in-depth discussion. An issue may be devoted to a particular topic.	Longer articles providing in-depth analysis of topics.
APPEARANCE	Glossy, color pictures, advertisements.	Ads related to the field or profession. Charts, tables, illustrations.	Varies considerably. Some have graphics and advertisements.	Dense text, usually with graphs and charts, fewer specialized, advertisements.
AUTHORITY	Articles are generally evaluated by staff editors rather than experts in the field.	Articles reviewed by editors from professional associations or commercial/trade organizations.	Publications support a particular viewpoint or specific interest group. Opinionated.	Articles reviewed by a "jury" of experts"peer- reviewed" before publication.
EXAMPLES FOUND IN LIBRARY	Ebony, Fortune, Newsweek, Popular Science, Reader's Digest, Rolling Stone, Sports Illustrated, Time	Education Week, Entrepreneur, HR Magazine, Journal of Accountancy, Mathematics Teacher	America, Christian News, Ms., National Review, New Republic	Journal of Developmental Education, Journal of Management, Journal of Soil and Water